Trends in incidences and risk factors for hepatocellular carcinoma & other liver events in HIV/HCV co-infected individuals from 2001 to 2014: a multi-cohort study

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On behalf of EuroSIDA in EuroCoord and the HCC Study Group









Background

Individuals with HIV are often co-infected with HCV

Alter, J Hepatol, 2006

Co-infection accelerates the progression of liver disease

Lo Re et al., Ann Int Med, 2014

- In HIV/HCV co-infected individuals

 - Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) seems to be increasing

Aim

- Describe incidences of HCC and other liver events from 2001 to 2014
- Compare risk factors for HCC versus other liver events

Study population

7,229 adults with HIV and positive HCV antibody-test



Swiss HIV Cohort Study (n = 2,044)

Canadian Co-infection Cohort (n = 840)

Southern Alberta Clinic Cohort (n = 213)





Outcomes

1) Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC)

- 2) Other liver events
 - Liver decompensations
 - Liver-related deaths (excluding HCC)

Statistical analyses

- Poisson regressions to estimate incidence rate ratios separately for
 - **1**) HCC
 - 2) Other liver events

 Univariate predictors with p < 0.10 were included the multivariate models

Predictor variables

- Age*
- Gender
- Race
- HIV risk group
- Region
- BMI*
- Calendar year of diagnosis

- Smoking*
- Alcohol*
- Cirrhosis*
- HBV status*
- Prior HBV drugs*
- Prior HCV drugs*

- Prior cART*
- Prior AIDS*
- HIV RNA*
- CD4 cell count nadir*
- CD4 cell count current*

^{*} Time-updated variable

Definition of cirrhosis as predictor variable

- Subjects had cirrhosis if they had at least one of the following:
 - 1) Liver biopsy with METAVIR score F4
 - 2) FibroScan elasticity > 12.5 kPa
 - 3) Aspartate aminotransferase-to-platelet ratio index(APRI) > 2
 - 4) Plasma hyaluronic acid level > 200 ng/ml

Baseline characteristics (subset)

Study subjects	n = 7,229
Age	38 (33-43) ^a years
Male gender	68 %
White race	90 %
IDU HIV risk group	59 %
HBV positive	5 %
Prior cART	71 %
Prior HCV drugs	5 %

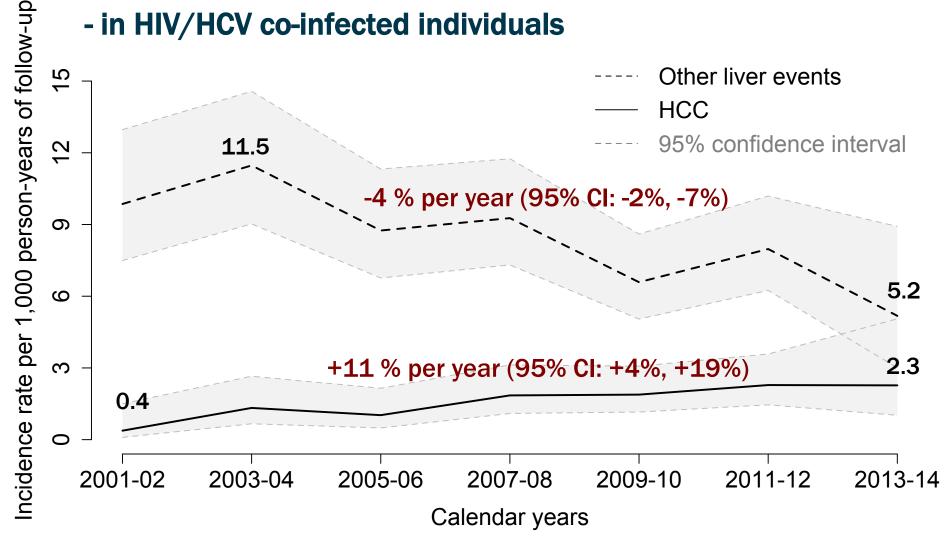
^a Median (IQR)

Overall crude incidence rates

	Number of events	Person-years of follow-up	Crude incidence rate ^a	95% CI
HCC	72	45,192	1.6	1.3-2.0
Other liver events	375	43,718	8.6	7.8-9.5

^a per 1,000 person-years of follow-up

Trends in crude incidence rates

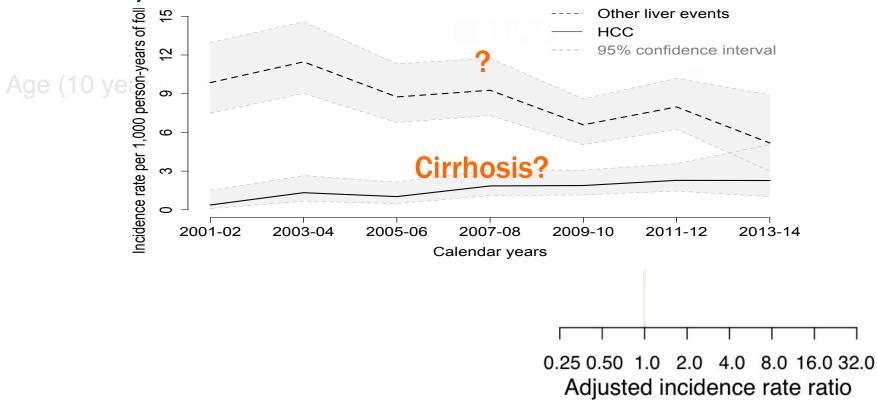


Characteristics at event (subset)

Event	HCC (n = 72)	Other liver event (n = 375)
Age	50 (46-56) ^a years	44 (39-50) ^a years
White race	94 %	92 %
Cirrhosis	74 %	70 %
HBV positive	8 %	6 %
Ever HCV drugs	32 %	18 %
Current cART	89 %	60 %
CD4 cell count current	286 (201–438) ^a cells/mm ³	242 (110–397) ^a cells/mm ³

^a Median (IQR)

Risk factors



- also adjusted for gender, region (Europe East/Argentina vs. Europe West vs. Canada), prior AIDS, prior HCV drugs, prior HBV drugs, prior cART, and CD4 cell count nadir
- also adjusted for: gender, region (Europe East/Argentina vs. Europe West vs. Canada), prior AIDS, prior HBV drugs, prior cART,
 CD4 cell count nadir. HIV risk group. BMI*. smoking*. alcohol abuse. diabetes. and HIV RNA *p<0.05

Conclusion

- in HIV/HCV co-infected individuals
- Opposing trends in crude incidence rates
 - Increasing for HCC (driven by cirrhosis?)
 - Decreasing for other liver events
- Common risk factors for HCC and other liver events
 - Cirrhosis
 - High age
 - Low CD4 cell count

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The EuroSIDA Study Group











The Swiss HIV Cohort Study

SWISS
HIV
COHORT
STUDY



Southern Alberta Clinic Cohort





Canadian Co-Infection Cohort (CTN 222)

Curtis Cooper, Pierre Côté, Joseph Cox, John Gill, Shariq Haider, Mark Hull, Valerie Martel-Laferriere, Julio Montaner, Erica Moodie, Neora Pick, Anita Rachlis, Danielle Rouleau, Aida Sadr, Stephen Sanche, Roger Sandre, Mark Tyndall, Marie-Louise Vachon, Sharon Walmsley, Alexander Wong, David Wong.

www.cocostudy.ca





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Thank you for your attention!

